

**CODE: 17CD02107**

M. Tech I Year I Semester Regular Examinations, February 2018

**ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING  
(PE & D)**

Time : 3 hours

Max Marks : 60

Answer all **five** units. (5 x 12 = 60 Marks)

**UNIT-I**

1. (a) With a neat block diagram explain the successive approximation A/D converter. Briefly discuss the characteristics of a practical A/D converter.  
(b) State and explain frequency shifting and convolution property of DTFT.

OR

2. Consider the sequence  $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 0, 1\}$  and  $x_2(n) = \{1, 3, 3, 1\}$ . Evaluate circular convolution using DIT-FFT method.

**UNIT-II**

3. (a) Explain the linear phase structures of FIR filters and parallel form I structure of IIR filters.  
(b) Explain the properties of ROC.

OR

4. (a) Find the Z transform of the following signal  $x(n)$  where  $x(n)$  is the convolution of  $x_1(n)$  and  $x_2(n)$ . Given  $x_1(n) = \left[\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right]^n u(n)$  and  $x_2(n) = \left[\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\right]^n u(n)$   
(b) Explain any two structures each for realizing FIR and IIR digital filters.

**UNIT-III**

5. Design a digital low pass IIR (Butterworth Approximation) filter with maximally flat magnitude characteristics. The pass band edge frequency  $\omega_p$  is  $0.25\pi$ , with a pass band ripple not exceeding 0.5dB. The minimum stop band attenuation at the stop band edge frequency  $\omega_s$  of  $0.55\pi$  is 15dB. Use bilinear transformation. Explain the design wherever required.

OR

6. Design a digital high pass IIR (Chebyshev Approximation) filter with pass band edge frequency  $F_p$  is 700Hz, stop band edge  $F_s = 500$ Hz, pass band ripple 1dB, minimum stop band attenuation 32 Db and sampling frequency 2kHz. The minimum stop band attenuation at the stop band edge frequency  $\omega_s$  of  $0.55\pi$  is 15dB. Use bilinear transformation. Explain the design wherever required.

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**UNIT-IV**

7. (a) Design a low pass FIR filter for the desired specification given as follows: pass band edge  $\omega_p=0.3\pi$ , stop band edge  $\omega_s=0.5\pi$  and minimum stop band attenuation  $\alpha_s=40\text{dB}$ . Use Kaiser window. Given  $N=23$ ,  $M=11$ .
- (b) Explain any two window functions used in FIR filter design.

OR

8. (a) Explain Parks-McClellan algorithm.
- (b) Compare the various design techniques of FIR filters.

**UNIT-V**

9. (a) Explain the reduction of product round-off noise using first order and second order error feedback structure.
- (b) Explain multi rate structures in brief for sampling rate conversion.

OR

10. (a) Explain any one interpolation algorithm used in arbitrary rate sampling rate converter.
- (b) Briefly explain the quantization process and errors.

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